Galerina vittaeformis (Fr.) Singer

ROD name *Galerina vittaeformis*

Family Cortinariaceae Morphological Habit mushroom

Description: CAP 5-12 mm diam., broadly conic, campanulate to nearly plane, broad umbo, distinctly striate, sulcate, crenulate margin, moist but strongly hygrophanous, not fibrillose but appearing almost cellular; tan with red-brown tones. Occasional veil fragments adhering to edge of cap in younger specimens. **GILLs** adnate to toothed-decurrent, moderately broad, tan to yellow-brown, with serrate edges. **STEM** 20-30 mm long x 1 mm in diam., equal, flexuous, pruinose from caulocystidia along its full length when young, but only along upper half as it ages. **ODOR AND TASTE** not distinct to mildly farinaceous. **BASIDIA** 22-36 x 8-9.5 µm, 4 spored. **CHEILOCYSTIDIA** fusoid-ventricose with rounded, subcapitate apex, some branched near apex, 36-80 x 6-17 µm, 2.5-5 µm in diam at apex, hyaline, with some darkening in age. **PLEUROCYSTIDIA** scattered, same or longer length, more slender necks and undulating. **CAULOCYSTIDIA** similar to cheilocystidia. **PILEOCYSTIDIA** absent. **CLAMP CONNECTIONS** present. **SPORES** amygdaliform, 8-10.5 x 5.5-7.5 µm, ornamentation finely punctate, pale brown.

Distinguishing Features: *Galerina vittaeformis* can be distinguished from all other species by the abundant cystidia on the stem and gills and the small spores.

Distribution: Widely distributed in the Northern Hemisphere. Known from many dozens of locations throughout the range of the Northwest Forest Plan.

Substrate and Habitat: Single to gregarious, can be found with a variety of mosses, mostly on soil, but also on moss-covered logs.

Season: Summer and autumn.

Reference: Smith, A.H.; Singer, R. 1964. A monograph of the genus *Galerina* Earle. New York: Hafner Publishing Co. 384 p.



Photo courtesy of mycology team



